



Signs of quadratic function

Part 6

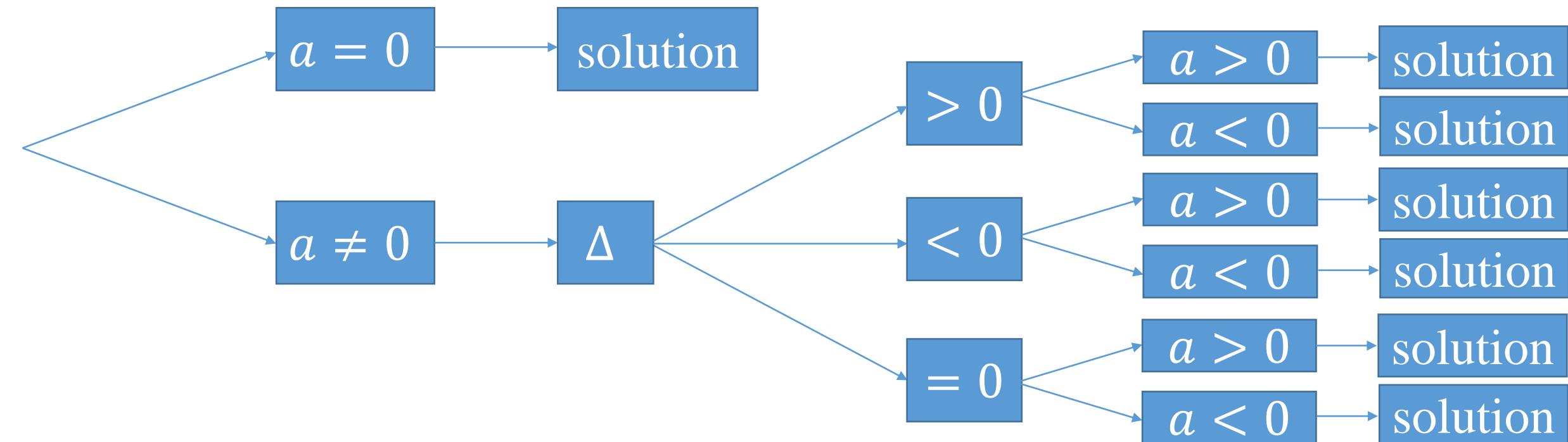
Parametric example

Consider the parametric inequality:

$$mx^2 - 2(m+1)x + m - 5 < 0 \quad ; m \in IR$$

The coefficients are: $a = m$; $b = -2(m+1)$; $c = m - 5$

Solving the parametric inequality needs the following:



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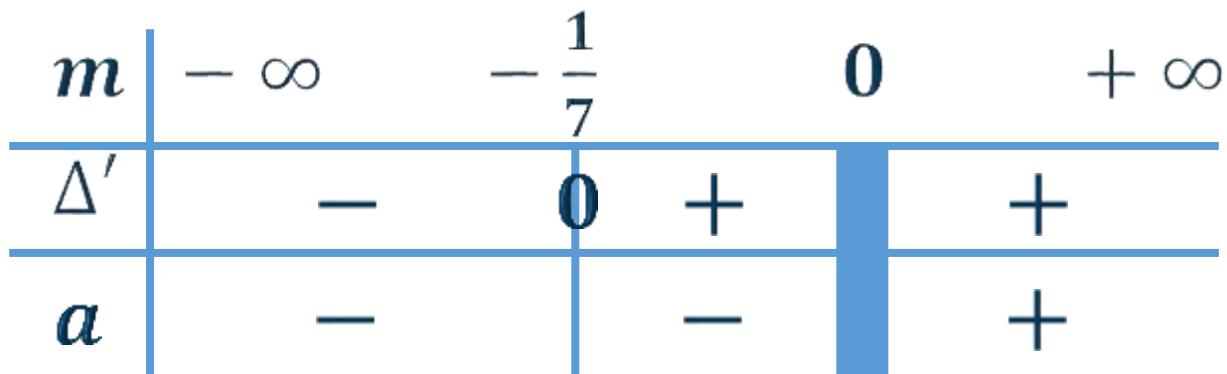
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❖ $a = 0$; $m = 0$

The inequality becomes: $-2x - 5 < 0$; $x > -\frac{5}{2}$

❖ $a \neq 0$; $m \neq 0$

$$\Delta' = b'^2 - ac = (m+1)^2 - m(m-5) = 7m + 1$$



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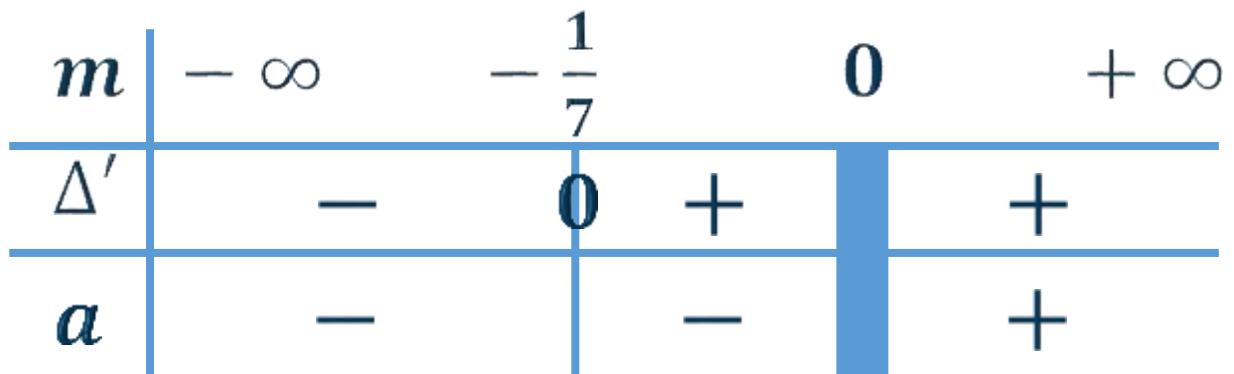
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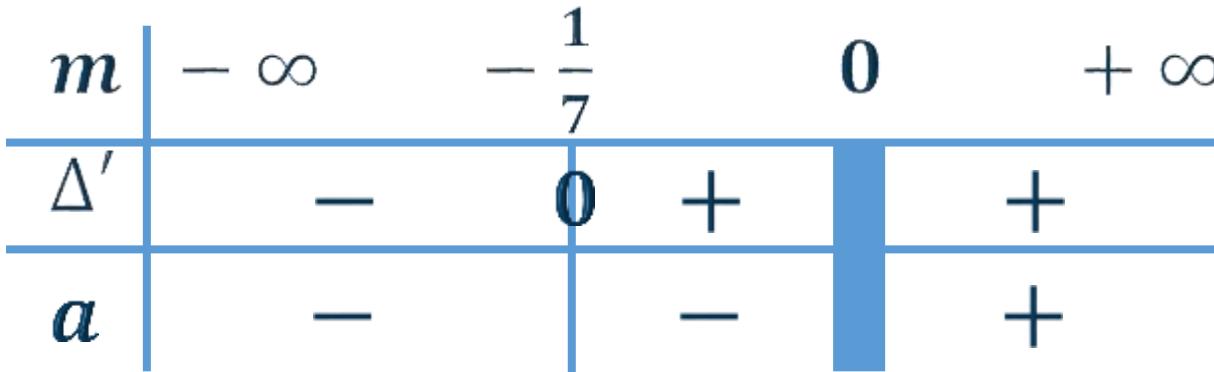
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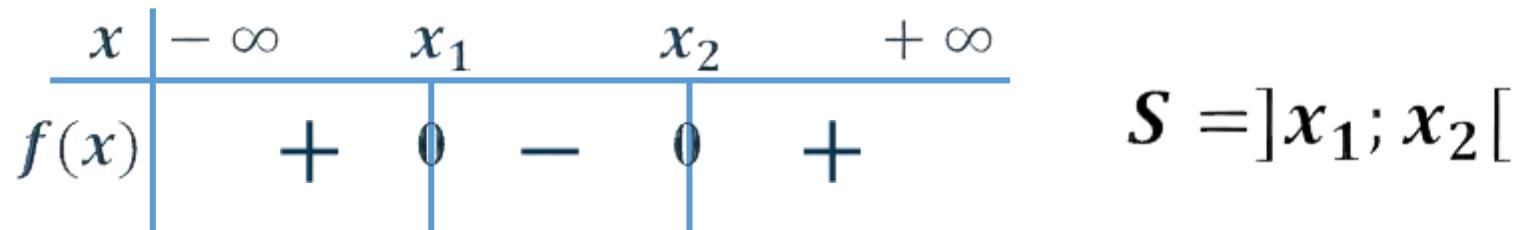


Parametric example

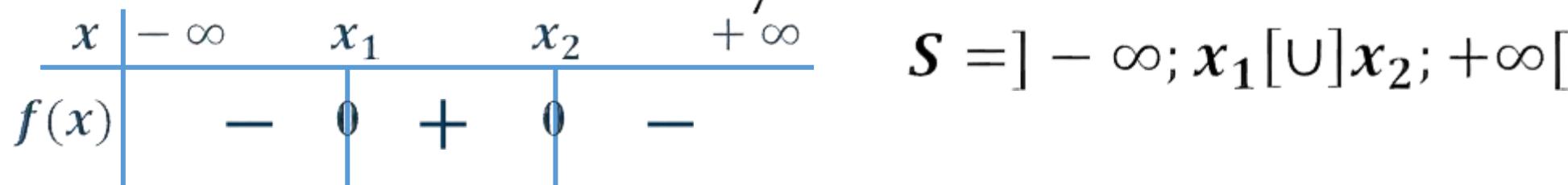


$$\Delta' > 0: \text{2 distinct roots } x_1 = \frac{m+1-\sqrt{7m+1}}{m} ; \quad x_2 = \frac{m+1+\sqrt{7m+1}}{m}$$

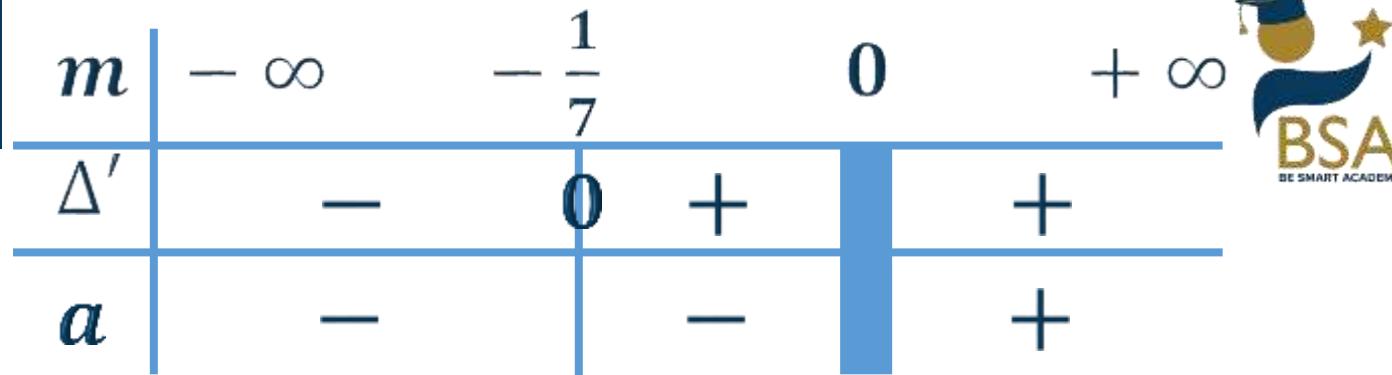
- $\Delta' > 0 \text{ and } a > 0: m \in]0; +\infty[$



- $\Delta' > 0 \text{ and } a < 0: m \in]-\frac{1}{7}; 0[$

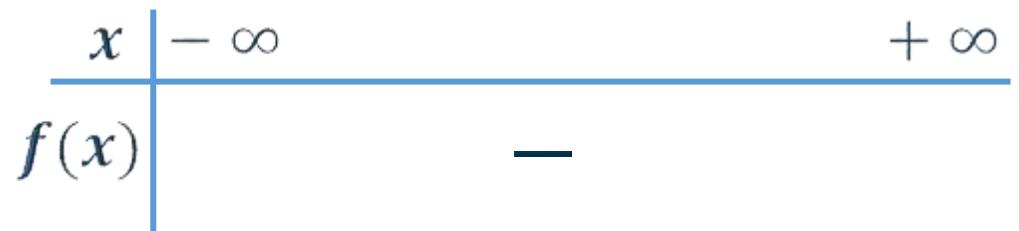


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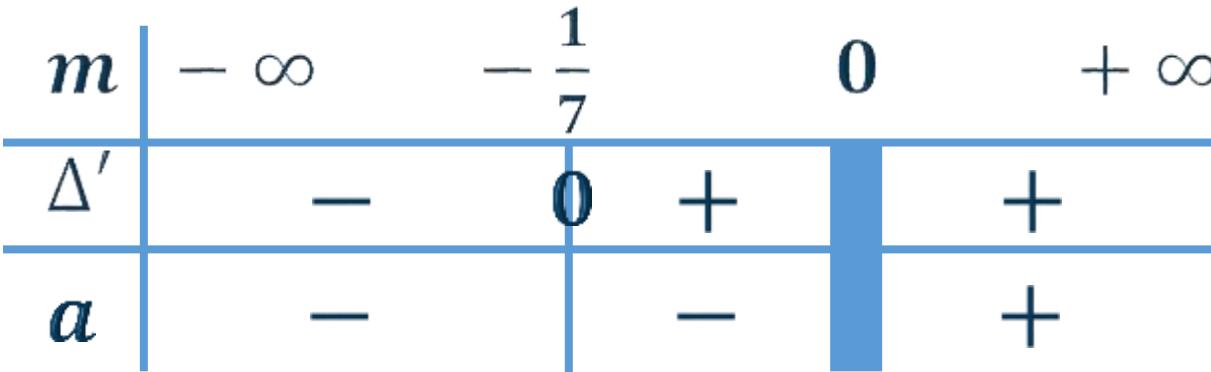
$\Delta' < 0$: no real roots

- $\Delta' < 0$ and $a < 0$: $m \in] -\infty; -\frac{1}{7} [$



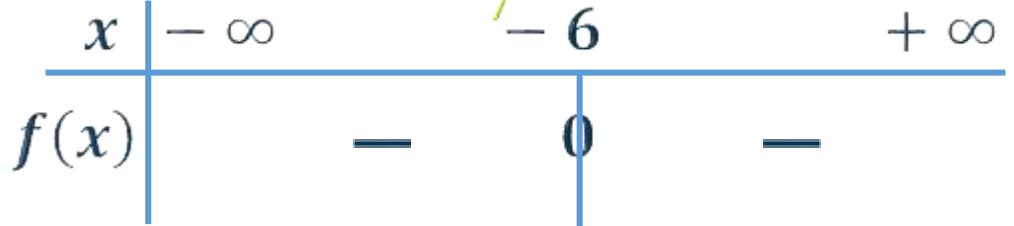
$$S = IR =] -\infty; +\infty [$$

Parametric example



$$\Delta' = 0: \text{one double root } x_1 = x_2 = -\frac{b'}{a} = \frac{m+1}{m}$$

- $a = m = -\frac{1}{7} < 0 \quad x_1 = x_2 = -6$



$$S = IR =]-\infty; -6] \cup [-6; +\infty[$$

Now it is your turn

Can you solve this parametric inequality????

$$mx^2 + 3x - m > 0 \ ; \ m \in IR$$



